

TWO CONVENTIONS HELD BY REPUBLICAN FACTIONS AT ROUGH HOUSE SESSION

Rival Chairmen Occupy Platform at the Same Time and Motions and Resolutions Were Flying Thick and Fast.
One Delegate Dropped His Six-Shooter on the Floor of the Convention Hall.

TWO DELEGATIONS TO TUCSON ARE SELECTED

Police Are Called On To Maintain Order—Meeting Approaches Riot at Times.

Factionalism in the Republican party of Cochise county was rife yesterday. It was vividly portrayed in two conventions held in the same room of the Medigovich building. At times the meeting might have been characterized as being riotous. As a matter of fact the city police department was called to maintain order. Two conventions were held at the same time and two delegations to the Tucson convention were selected to represent Cochise county. Which one will be seated is a question, but according to the strongest claims it looks as if the Powell delegation would win out at Tucson.

A fight was expected, and it certainly came yesterday morning. R. A. Kirk was not on hand when the hour for calling the convention arrived at 12 o'clock. After the nervous strain had become unendurable C. A. Overlock and James Wood, of Douglas, were both nominated as temporary chairmen about the same moment. The programs were fixed and each carried out. However, the Wood faction seemed to be in the majority, and when their leader resigned in favor of James G. Cowan, of Douglas, they took possession of the hall amid fierce disorder. Those who sided with the Overlock faction, representing Kirk, immediately started another convention in the same room and the battle was on.

Cowan called his convention to order, and proceeded to carry on business. At the same time a number of delegates, who claimed that Overlock's convention was the legal one, on the other side of the room were going through the formality of calling their meeting to order.

With the two conventions in session in the same room at the same time, the situation became very tense. Cowan's convention seemed to have a greater personal representation and it was successful in holding the room. Bitter words and the lie were passed from one side to the other, but neither would yield. Both factions claimed that they were in possession of authority to vote a majority of the legally elected delegates.

W. G. Fraser, chairman of the Cowan convention committee, on permanent organization, finally reported, moving that the temporary organization be made permanent. The motion was carried and James G. Cowan, of Douglas, was declared permanent chairman. Dr. E. S. Godfrey, Jr., being declared secretary.

The committee on credentials asked for time to consider the papers of those professing to have a right to sit in the convention. Chairman Cowan granted the time.

While the Cowan committee on credentials was examining the papers of the various delegates, C. A. Overlock, of Douglas, chairman of the other convention, resorted to the platform and called his crowd to order. Immediately there was a howl of protest. Bitter words were exchanged between delegates of the different conventions, and finally C. M. Holmes made a motion to Chairman Cowan to have what he termed the "disturbing element" thrown out of the hall. The "disturbing element" which was the Overlock convention, resented the insinuation and it looked for a few minutes as if bedlam would break loose. The Overlock people tried to put several motions, but were drowned out by the other faction, which yelled and refused to recognize any right of this faction to hold a convention in the hall. Just about this time one of the Overlock crowd rushed out and called on City Marshal Sedgwick to come to the hall and preserve order. Sedgwick arrived within a few minutes, and for a time it is understood, considered the advisability of summoning several of his deputies.

When Overlock attempted to call his convention to order for the purpose of getting through a motion endorsing the action of the county central committee the situation became serious. The delegates to both conventions crowded around and it looked as if a free-for-all would be precipitated at any moment. The howling drowned all speeches, but it was finally discovered, it was afterwards stated, that a motion to endorse the delegation chosen by the county central committee had been passed. This convention then adjourned.

The Cowan committee on credentials then reported approving the papers of the solid delegations from Bisbee, Lowell, Douglas and a few outside precincts.

The following delegation was nominated by the Cowan contingent to

represent Cochise county in the convention at Tucson. Dr. C. J. Cowan, H. M. Woods, J. W. Ross, W. E. Markin, F. R. O'Brien, H. W. Alken, L. G. Jackson, Jacob Schmidt, J. H. Appleby, J. D. Champagne, C. M. Holmes, W. E. McKee, E. S. Godfrey, Jr., Frank Jullif, T. T. Hines, James Speed, James G. Cowan, George Dawe, James Wood, F. B. Dorr, Peter Jensen, E. M. Blake, A. N. Gage, M. R. Hoar, J. H. Mawson, A. H. Renwick, Renwick White, Pablo Soto, John Poole, John Gleason.

This delegation was unanimously elected by the convention, it being the sense of the meeting that the representation vote for Col. L. W. Powell until elected as a delegate to the national convention at Chicago. The mention of Powell's name was greeted with loud and continued applause.

After the conventions adjourned a representative of the Review called on C. A. Overlock and asked by what authority he called his convention to order. In reply he said:

"A number of Republicans asked me to call the meeting to order and I tried to do so. We have a majority of the regular qualified delegates to the convention and I have no doubt but that the delegation we elected will be recognized by the convention at Tucson."

The local McKeenists leaders stated that Overlock had no authority whatever to call the convention to order as he had not signed the call for a primary election when some Republicans revolted after the county central committee had disobeyed the orders of the territorial executive committee.

Both sides claimed a majority of the 75 delegates who had seats in the convention, the Overlock crowd depending on seven votes in the Bisbee delegation for which they claimed they held proxies. They were asked by a Review man to name the gentlemen, but refused.

The members of the Cowan convention claimed that they had a big majority in the convention. They claimed a solid delegation from Tucson, one from Lowell, and six votes from Douglas, which would have given them control.

Feeling on both sides was very bitter. Charges of dishonesty were made freely and at several instances it looked very much as if personal counters would follow discussions by opposing delegates. In one instance a shot was seen to fall from the pocket of a delegate in the Overlock convention.

Both sides are determined and will send their delegations to Tucson, one instructed for Col. L. W. Powell, and opposed to instructions for Taft and the other for Horatio A. Smith, for one of the delegates to the national convention and for instructions for Taft.

The delegates elected by the Overlock convention are: W. P. McNair, C. D. Cayser, Sam Yerran, C. N. Thomas, J. E. Morrison, R. A. Kirk, Lewis Hunt, H. M. Woods, H. W. Alken, C. A. Overlock, J. B. Speed, E. B. Dorr, Albert Stacy, E. J. Tixtable, H. A. Smith, E. B. Moore, C. H. Wiley, M. H. Hoar, H. E. Berner, A. H. Gardner, Milton Fairlie, Peter Jensen, L. B. White, W. J. McKnight, John Gleason, E. A. Folsom, Renwick White, A. Y. Smith, John Poole, J. P. Crowley.

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BRYAN ENDORSEMENT.

HELENA, April 11.—At the meeting today of the Democratic state convention the candidacy of W. J. Bryan was endorsed. Delegates to the national convention at Denver will be chosen at the state convention at Boise, which will convene at 10 a. m. June 10th, while the second convention for the nomination of state officers will be held at Anacosta September 8th.

JAPANESE WAR SURE TO COME SAYS HOBSON

Hero of Merrimac Strongly Urges Building of Four Battleships—Debate on the Naval Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Debate on the naval appropriation bill in the House today revolved itself in the main into a discussion of the possibilities of war between the United States and Japan. In line with his well known views on the subject, Captain Hobson, of Alabama, pleaded for four battleships instead of two for the next fiscal year. He pointed out that from now on the United States should have a fixed policy in regard to naval construction.

War between the yellow and white races, he regarded as inevitable. He asserted that the Japanese present such military activity with a view of supremacy in the Pacific.

Hobson went so far as to say that \$60,000,000 in battleships would have enabled the United States to force Russia to evacuate Manchuria at the time agreed to do so, and that in that case the war between Russia and Japan would have been averted.

"War clouds are gathering," Hobson said in conclusion, "but America could by carrying out a legitimate naval policy prevent it. It is not a vision, it is not a dream. You and I can do it. Let's begin by authorizing four ships this year at least."

Burton followed and was rather inclined to discount Hobson's predictions. He concluded by saying the United States should take advantage of its magnificent isolation and lead the world in path of peace.

President Roosevelt's treatment of Rear Admiral Brownson was condemned by Gill of Maryland, who charged that the President had repeatedly shown a disregard for law, and performed acts wholly illegal. Great injustice, he said, had been done Brownson.

"We should demand justice and fair play," he exclaimed, "not only in precept, but also in practice. He who is loudest in preaching a 'square deal' should be foremost in practicing it."

BRITT IS BEATEN IN SIX FAST ROUNDS

Packey McFarland of Chicago Proves Too Strong For the Native Son.

COLMA ARENA, San Francisco, April 11.—Packey McFarland, the Chicago lightweight, made short work of Jimmy Britt this afternoon in a scheduled 20-round contest. Britt was sent to the floor three times in the sixth and last round by powerful right hand wallop to the point of the jaw. He took the count of nine twice.

After the time keeper had counted five, Britt's father jumped into the ring and waved McFarland away. It was practically a clear knockout.

McFarland outclassed Britt from the start to finish. It easily could be seen early in the contest that Britt, who faced McFarland this afternoon was not the Britt of old. He did not seem able to gauge blows, and was wild at times. McFarland, on the other hand, had remarkable speed and judgment of distance.

"There is nothing for me to see," he said clearly. "He has an awful fast left. This is the last time I ever will box in a prize fight. 'Tis no pat, farwell. I am through for all time."

McFarland said: "They can never say Britt is not a game boy after this fight. It was a right punch in the jaw and another to the stomach which settled the business. I hope I demonstrated I can box and hit, but after breaking my wrist in a Chicago fight I made a resolution never to hit with my left strength if there was any other means of beating my opponent."

SUPPORTS PUBLICITY.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Former Senator Chandler today appeared before the House committee on election of president, vice president and representatives in congress in support of the McCall bill providing publicity of contributions to campaign funds.

HENRY MAKES ADDRESS.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 11.—Francis J. Henry delivered a "Good government address" before an audience of 4,000 tonight.

ALEXANDER BERKMAN, LEADER OF ANARCHISTS, AS HE PEARED IN COURT



ALEXANDER BERKMAN IN COURT

FLEET BEGINS LAST LEG ON CRUISE TO GOLDEN GATE

Battleships Got Away From Magdalena Bay Yesterday Afternoon in Four Divisions—Sailing Time of 69 Hours Allowed Up the Coast—San Diego Is In Gala Attire For Big Celebration.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 11.—The Atlantic fleet, sixteen first-class battleships, began today the last leg originally planned in the cruise from Hampton Roads to the Golden Gate. Four divisions of the fleet weighed anchor at 4 p. m. Three quarters of an hour later they were threading their way out of Magdalena Bay in the wake of the flagship, Connecticut.

A commanding figure on the after-bridge of the flagship was that of Rear Admiral Thomas. According to a dispatch received here, the ships passed Sail Rock, rounding Entrada Point, on the headlands making the gateway to the harbor. They turned in a long circle north, then, the six destroyers and torpedo flotilla gave a parting salute and the little white vessels' historic stay in the Mexican bay was at an end.

Admiral Thomas allowed sixty-nine hours for the run up the coast, requiring an average of only nine knots an hour. The ships started away at usual cruising speed of ten knots. They will slow down during the latter part of the journey.

When the ships reach San Diego they will have logged 13,569 knots since their departure from Hampton Roads, December 16. The Connecticut made 1240 knots additional on account of the trip last week bringing Admiral Evans ashore, and the subsequent return to Magdalena Bay.

Preparation for the four days of the stay of the ships at San Diego is practically complete. The city is daily dressed in flags and patriotic bunting. Interest in the coming of the ships is intense. Strong personal sentiment is being reflected in banners which everywhere wave: "Welcome to our fleet." A handsome silver mounted, cut glass buffet service has been subscribed for and suitably arranged to be presented to Admiral Thomas next Wednesday when he will also accept on behalf of Admiral Evans the golden key to the city, mounted with native San Diego county seals.

PHILIPPINE FLEET ON ASIATIC CRUISE

Admiral Hemphill To Take His Ships to Chinese and Japanese Ports.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Philippine fleet, technically known as the third squadron of the Pacific, under command of Rear Admiral Hemphill, will leave Manila soon for the annual summer cruise in Asiatic waters. Hemphill is entirely independent of direction from the navy department respecting his movements on the cruise, but the impression here is he will, as usual, make his base at Cebu, in the Yellow sea. From there he will make practice cruises to the various Chinese and Japanese ports, carrying out a regular system of maneuvers. The cruise generally extends over a period of from three to four months.

While it is asserted with positiveness that no directions or suggestions have gone to Admiral Hemphill respecting the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods developing as a result of the Tatsu Maru seizure and release, it is evident the fleet's here local satisfaction in having the American flag in Chinese waters.

FAIR WEATHER.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—For Arizona: Fair Sunday and Monday.

HUGHES WINS ENDORSEMENT IN NEW YORK

The Four Delegates at Large Ordered to Persistently Labor for Him Until Nomination Is Made.

THE MINORITY REPORT CAUSES SHARP DEBATE

Platform Favors Tariff Revision Appropriated From the Democrats.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Governor Charles E. Hughes was endorsed by New York Republicans as candidate for president by the party's state convention today. Four delegates at large with alternates were elected to the Chicago national Republican convention and instructed for him.

The convention was a repetition in distinctive features of the convention of 1890, when Roscoe Conkling sought vainly to have, not only the delegates at large, but the congressional delegates also, instructed for Grant. Ex-Senate Senator Edgar Brackett, of Saratoga, president of the Hughes State League, started a sharp debate by presenting a minority report from the committee on resolutions to amend a resolution endorsing Hughes to instruct the delegates at large to work for him among the other delegates, and "persistently labor for his nomination until a nomination is made."

There was much excitement when the debate reached this point and spirited tension. Speaker Wadsworth moved that the question of adopting a majority report of the committee on resolutions, containing an endorsement for Hughes, along the lines of the convention endorsement for Levi P. Morton in 1896, and President Roosevelt, in 1900, be put to the convention. The majority report was adopted by a viva voce vote; only a few scattering delegates were heard above the shouts of the bulk of the delegates.

Premonition of a turbulent session was felt before the opening of the convention when the Worcester county delegates at a caucus decided to protest against the endorsement of Hughes by voting against a Hughes resolution, declaring for an unqualified endorsement. This plan was nullified by the unexpected action of Brackett.

The platform endorses in strong terms the administrations of Roosevelt and Hughes, commends the policies of federal administration, revision of the tariff in favor of the system of action of congress in declining to revise the tariff by piecemeal is endorsed.

Changes are advocated in the currency law which provide more elastic and satisfactory monetary system. For the first time in a score or more of years, Senator Platt, one-time leader of the party in state politics, was not in his accustomed seat with the Tugs county delegation.

The platform favors upbuilding of the American navy, speedy completion of the Panama canal, development of inland waterways, re-enactment of popular government in the Philippine Islands, commends settlement of international differences and also disputes between labor and capital by arbitration.

EVANS MUST STAY AT PASO ROBLES

Los Angeles Physicians Advise Against His Leaving the Springs at Present.

PASO ROBLES, Cal., April 11.—After a thorough examination of Admiral Evans in consultation over his condition in which Surgeon McFadden participated, three physicians who came from Los Angeles for that purpose, arriving this morning, gave out a statement tonight as follows:

"After consultation we are of the opinion that Admiral Evans should remain at Paso Robles until he has undergone a thorough trial in the course of treatment he is now undergoing. Until his regular physician says it is advisable to move him, we approve the treatment he is now receiving."

The statement is from Doctors Bryant, Lasher and Edwards, of Los Angeles.

HUGHES AT BANQUET.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 11.—Governor Hughes was the guest of honor at the Watertown Chamber of Commerce's annual dinner at the Woodruff house tonight. His address dealt largely with race track gambling.

UNINSTRUCTED DELEGATES.
GALESBURG, Ill., April 11.—Republicans of the Fifteenth congressional district today elected an uninstructed delegation to the national convention.

FIGHT IN MARICOPA; TWO DELEGATIONS

Separate Sets of Delegates Are Elected To the Tucson Convention.

PHOENIX, Ariz., April 11.—The regular Republican organization today held a convention and selected thirty-one delegates to the territorial convention, being instructed to favor instruction of delegates to Chicago for Taft. The anti-instructionists, alleging fraud in the primaries, refused to even ask for admission to today's convention. They organized another and selected thirty-one delegates to Tucson, who are uninstructed.

Yavapai and Pima counties are solid against instructing their delegates. There are a number of uninstructed delegates from smaller counties only, hence the prediction that the Chicago delegation will be uninstructed. Instructionists, however, say they will, if necessary, carry the contest to Chicago in event of defeat at Tucson. In a speech to the convention Governor Kibbey intimated this.

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